volume and weight of enlarged gland was derived as 29.99±1.98 cm³ and 29.22±1.90 g in small sized breeds, 50.79±4.72 cm³ and 49.18±4.53 g in medium sized breeds, 52.58±3.34 cm³ and 50.90±3.21 g in large sized breeds and 72.13±7.94 cm³ and 69.67±7.62 g. in giant sized breeds of dogs.

Abst 6: V

CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS AND THERAPEUTIC MANAGEMENT OF TRANSMISSIBLE VENEREAL TUMOR IN CANINES

C.K. Lakde, S.K. Sahatpure, A.D. Patil, S.K. Sheetal, M.S. Bawaskar and A.A. Bind

Department of Animal Reproduction, Gynecology and Obstetrics Teaching Veterinary Clinical Complex, Nagpur Veterinary College, Maharashtra Animal & Fishery Sciences University, Seminary Hills, Nagpur- 440 001 (Maharashtra)

total of 24 cases of canine from both the sexes in the period of one year were suspected for transmissible venereal tumor which reported in Teaching Veterinary Clinical Complex, Nagpur Veterinary College, Nagpur. Out of 24 dogs, 12 male and 12 females were recorded. Male and female has complaint with continuous prepucial and vaginal bleeding since one week or more than a week respectively. In male, prepucial exposure and impression smear was collected whereas in female with posterior vaginal tumor impression smear was collected however, anterior type of tumor diagnosed by vaginal cytology. Smear picture showed round to slightly polyhedral cells of TVT. A total 12 cases were treated with Inj. Vincristine @ 0.025mg/kg slow IV in DNS and 12 cases treated with autohaemotherapy @ 10 ml whole blood IM for once in week and continue upto its complete regression. Recovery noted that, fast in use of inj. Vincristine than autohaemotherapy. Side effects were examined only in Vincristine treated dogs. It can be concluded that impression smear of growth is easy method to diagnose and autohaemotherapy is safest treatment of TVT in dogs.

Abst 7: V

THERAPEUTIC MANAGEMENT OF MISMATING IN SIX LABRADOR RETRIEVER **BITCHES**

M.S. Bawaskar, D.S. Raghuwanshi*, S.V. Upadhye and S.K. Sahatpure

Department of Animal Reproduction Gynaecology and Obstetrics Nagpur Veterinary College, Nagpur, Maharashtra Animal and Fishery Sciences University, Nagpur, Maharashtra, INDIA

The present study was conducted at Teaching Veterinary Clinical Complex, Nagpur Veterinary L College, Nagpur. Six Labrador retriever bitches having age in between 2-5 years were presented at clinic with the history of mismating during estrus. Sperm cells found during an exfoliative vaginal cytology supports the history of mating in all bitches presented for the treatment. Bitches were treated by administrating Inj. Estradiole Benzoate (E2B) @ 0.20 mg/kg within 24 hrs of mismating along with Dexamethasone tablets orally (OD) for five days @ 0.1 to 0.2 mg/kg. No any side effects were found during the treatment, regardless of dose. None of the bitches were found pregnant after the treatment.

Abst 8: V

INDUCTION OF WHELPING IN CANINE PREGNANCIES WITH SMALL LITTER SIZE USING PROGESTERONE RECEPTOR BLOCKER AND PGE₁

Raheema. S., Jayakumar. C and Kurien. M.O. Department of Animal Reproduction, Gynaecology and Obstetrics, College of Veterinary and Animal Sciences, Mannuthy, Kerala Veterinary and Animal Sciences University, Thrissur- 680651

The goals of managing high-risk pregnancies are to optimize maternal, foetal and perinatal health, maintain lactation and maximize the survival of the pup which includes an elective caesarean or medical induction of parturition. The clinical efficiency and safety of medical induction of whelping in full term canine high risk pregnancies using mifepristone along with intravaginal application of misoprostol (PGE₁) in comparison to spontaneous whelping was studied. Twelve dogs with three or fewer fetuses, confirmed by radiography, presented to the University Veterinary Hospital, Kokkalai, KVASU with history of not exhibiting any signs of parturition was selected for the study. Six bitches that attained a GA of 61±1 days on sonography were subjected to medical induction of whelping



